## ASSIGNMENT 1

Textbook Assignment:

"General Administration," chapter 1, pages 1-3 and 1-7; "Legal Research," chapter 2, pages 2-14 through 2-18; "Pretrial Matters," chapter 6, pages 6-23 through 6-26, 6-34 and 6-35, and 6-40 through 6-46; "Administrative Separations," chapter 9, pages 9-14 and 9-15; "Delivery of Personnel," chapter 10, pages 10-9 through 10-11.

IN ANSNWERING QUESTIONS 1-1 AND 1-2, REFER TO CHAPTER 1, PAGES 1-3 AND 1-7.

- Naval writing standards and sample letters may be found in which of the following publications?
  - 1. MILPERSMAN
  - 2. Correspondence Manual
  - 3. SECNAVINST 5210.11D
  - 4. SECNAVINST 5215.1C
- The content and format elements of 1-2. a letter-type directive are contained in what table of the SECNAVINST 5215.1C?
  - 1. Table 1
  - 2. Table 2
  - 3. Table 3
  - 4. Table 4

IN ANSWERING QUESTIONS 1-3 THROUGH 1-16, REFER TO CHAPTER 2, PAGES 2-14 THROUGH 2-18.

- 1-3. Into what total number of materials classified?
  - 1. One
  - 2. Two
  - 3. Three
  - 4. Four
- Which of the following sources of information are published by jurisdiction, either chronologically or in compilations called codes?
  - 1. Regulations
  - 2. Court decisions
  - 3. Digests
  - 4. Statutes

- Federal regulations are officially 1-5. published in what publication?
  - 1. Statutes at Large
  - 2. Federal Register
  - 3. United States Code
  - 4. Code of Federal Regulations
- 1-6. When legal research is conducted, which of the following publications is considered a primary source?
  - 1. American Jurisprudence Second
  - 2. Federal Digest
  - 3. Federal Register
  - 4. Prosser on Torts
  - 1-7. Which of the following items are aids in helping locate the information contained in primary sources?
    - 1. Statutes
    - 2. Finding tools
    - 3. Secondary sources
    - 4. Regulations
- categories are legal reference 1-8. Which of the following publications would best help a legal researcher determine the history or status of a case?
  - 1. Words and Phrases
  - 2. Corpus Juris Secundum
  - 3. Uniform System of Citations
  - 4. Shepard's Citations

- 1-9. Which of the following is NOT a  $\qquad \qquad 1-14.$  The place where the case can be function of Shepard's Military Justice Citations?
  - 1. To find the law on all sides of an issue
  - 2. To trace the judicial history of each reported case
  - 3. To find later cases that have cited the main case
  - 4. To find citations to the case in other authorities such as periodicals and the Attorney General's opinions
- 1-10. Which, if any, of the following sources is considered secondary?
  - 1. Words and phrases
  - 2. Periodicals
  - 3. Digests
  - 4. None of the above
- 1-11. Which of the following publications contains only decisions of COMA?
  - 1. Court-Martial Reports
  - 2. Military Justice Reporter
  - 3. United States Code
  - 4. Decisions of the United States Court of Military Review

(B)(C) (D) (E) (F) U.S. V. Lamb, 6 M.J. 542 (NCMR 1978)

Figure 1A

IN ANSWERING QUESTIONS 1-12 THROUGH 1-14, REFER TO THE LETTERED ELEMENTS IN FIGURE 1A.

- What element of the citation 1-12. indicates the publication where the case can be found?
  - 1. A
  - 2. B
  - 3. C
  - 4. E
- The court that decided the case can 1-13 be identified by what element(s)?
  - 1. A only
  - 2. E only
    - A and E
  - 4. C

- found in the cited publication is identified by what element(s)?
  - 1. A
  - 2. B only
  - 3. D only
  - 4. B and D
- 1-15. FLITE is operated by which of the following government agencies?
  - 1. Department of Justice
  - 2. Department of the Navy
  - 3. Department of the Air Force
  - 4. Department of Defense
- 1-16. Which of the following items is NOT a service provided by FLITE?
  - 1. Supplies legal opinions and memorandums
  - 2. Creates and maintains full-text data bases of legal information
  - 3. Provides computer-assisted research to all federal agencies
  - 4. Produces and distributes computer-generated research tools such as indexes, digests, and citations

IN ANSWERING OUESTIONS 1-17 THROUGH 1-20. REFER TO CHAPTER 6, PAGES 6-23 THROUGH 6-26.

- 1-17. Under which of the following conditions may a warrant of attachment be issued?
  - 1. When a witness cannot be located
  - 2. When a witness is located overseas
  - 3. When a witness has refused or willingly neglected to appear at the time and place specified on a subpoena
  - 4. When the witness is a foreign national in a foreign country

- 1-18. When a DOD civilian witness is 1-23. Permission to continue pretrial directed to appear at a court-martial, what form(s) should be sent to the witness?
  - 1. Subpoena
  - 2. Cost travel orders
  - 3. Both 1 and 2 above
  - 4. No-cost travel orders
- responsible for the computation and payment of travel more. 1-24. An IRO must be an officer serving in what minimum and payment of travel more. 1-24. 1-19. witnesses?
  - 1. CO, NLSO
  - 2. Trial counsel
  - 3. Convening authority
  - 4. Disbursing personnel
- 1-20. A naval member is required to testify in a federal case where the interest of the Navy is concerned. Who will direct the witness' command to issue TAD orders to the member?
  - 1. OEGCMJ
  - 2. BUPERS
  - 3. Concerned federal agency
  - 4. Attorney General

IN ANSWERING QUESTIONS 1-21 THROUGH 1-28, REFER TO PAGES 6-34 AND 6-35.

- 1-21. What official conducts the pretrial confinement review?
  - 1. Military magistrate
  - 2. Brig officer

  - 4. Investigating officer
- If the IRO orders the immediate release of an accused from pretrial confinement, what option, if any, does the accused's commanding officer have in ensuring the accused's continued confinement?
  - 1. Overrule the order to release
  - 2. Appeal the order to release to the next higher authority
  - 3. Order a new hearing
  - 4. Do nothing because the order to release is final and binding

- confinement in excess of 30 days must be obtained from which of the following officials?
  - 1. Trial counsel
  - 2. OEGCMJ
  - 3. CA
  - 4. IRO
- - 1. 05
  - 2. 02
  - 3. 03
  - 4. 04
- 1-25. In which of the following manners may an accused present matters to the IRO?
  - 1. In person
  - 2. Through written statements
  - 3. Through his or her appointed counsel
  - 4. Each of the above
- The IRO'S memorandum and all 1-26. documents considered in a case are maintained until which of the following events occurs?
  - 1. The accused is released from pretrial confinement
  - 2. Conclusion of the court-martial
  - 3. Completion of appellate review
  - 4. The 2-year retention period for records expires
- 3. Initial reviewing officer (IRO) 1-27. If an IRO orders an accused released from pretrial confinement, what authority will issue the release order?
  - 1. Accused's CO
  - 2. IRO
  - 3. OEGCMJ
    - 4. Brig officer

- 1-28. An IRO maintains the authority to continue or release an accused from pretrial confinement up to and until what event?
  - 1. Preferral of charges
  - 2. Referral of charges
  - 3. Completion of trial
  - 4. Sentencing

IN ANSWERING QUESTIONS 1-29 THROUGH 1-33, REFER TO PAGES 6-40 THROUGH 6-46.

- 1-29. The chain of custody of an item of evidence is maintained up and until what event?
  - The evidence is released to the court for trial
  - 2. Completion of the court-martial
  - 3. The evidence is disposed of
  - 4. The review process for the court-martial that the evidence was used in is completed
- 1-30. <u>U.S. v. Solaria</u> decided what issue regarding jurisdiction?
  - That jurisdiction continues into subsequent enlistments
  - 2. That jurisdiction over an offense terminates at the conclusion of an enlistment
  - That off-base offenses must be service connected in order for the military to have jurisdiction
  - 4. That a member's status as a person subject to the UCMJ was the test for court-martial jurisdiction
- 1-31. Normally, what number of interviewers should be present when conducting an interview of a witness?
  - 1. One
  - 2. Two
  - 3. Three
  - 4. Four

- 1-28. An IRO maintains the authority to 1-32. What are the two classifications of continue or release an accused from interviews?
  - 1. Indirect and direct
  - 2. Formal and informal
  - 3. Brief and intensive
  - 4. Initial and follow-up
  - 1-33. When you are conducting an interview, which of the following individuals should be interviewed first?
    - 1. Witnesses
    - 2. Victims
    - 3. Complainants
    - 4. Suspects

IN ANSWERING QUESTIONS 1-34 THROUGH 1-40, REFER TO PAGES 9-14 AND 9-15.

- 1-34. Which of the following statements is correct concerning administrative discharge warnings?
  - A violation of any administrative discharge warning in a member's service record is grounds for separation processing
  - A member may have only one administrative discharge warning per enlistment
  - 3. If a member refuses to sign an administrative discharge warning, a letter of reprimand must be issued in its place
  - 4. Counseling must be accomplished by the member's parent command
  - 1-35. A counseling/warning entry may be delivered in which of the following formats?
    - 1. Orally
    - 2. Page 13 entry
    - 3. Letter
    - 4. Both 2 and 3 above

- 1-36. If a member refuses to sign an administrative discharge warning, what action should be taken?
  - 1. The CO must issue a formal letter of reprimand
  - 2. The counselor must make a notation to that effect and have the entry signed by an officer
  - 3. The counselor must make a notation to that effect and have the entry initialed by himself or herself and two witnesses
  - 4. The warning is annotated with the words refused to sign and two witnesses must sign the entry
- 1-37. Which of the following actions by the counseled member violates the terms of a page 13 administrative discharge warning?
  - 1. Deficiencies in performance
  - 2. Further military misconduct
  - 3. Civilian conviction
  - 4. Each of the above
- 1-38. Unknown misconduct discovered after the execution of an administrative discharge warning will make the page 13 null and void.
  - 1. True
  - 2. False
- 1-39. What official(s) may sign an administrative discharge warning?
  - 1. CO only
  - 2. CO or XO only
  - 3. CO, XO, or legal officer only
  - 4. CO or anyone with "by direction" authority
- 1-40. What person must sign as a witness on an administrative discharge warning?
  - The person who counseled the member
  - 2. CO
  - 3. Legal officer
  - 4. Counseled member's defense counsel

IN ANSWERING QUESTIONS 1-41 THROUGH 1-50, REFER TO PAGES 10-9 THROUGH 10-11.

- 1-41. Service of process may not be allowed within a command without the permission of what official?
  - 1. Legal officer
  - 2. The member being served
  - 3. CO
  - 4. OEGCMJ
- 1-42. What is meant by the term *service* of process?
  - The delivery of a request to appear before a certain civil court
  - 2. The handing of a court order to a person directing him or her to appear or answer allegations before a civil court
  - 3. The delivery of a court's judgment of civil action to an affected party
  - 4. The delivery of an affidavit by a member of a civil court
- 1-43. Where service of process is concerned, personnel located on a vessel operating within the territorial waters of a state are considered within the jurisdiction of that state.
  - 1. True
  - 2. False
- 1-44. When within the jurisdiction of the court issuing the process, what responsibility does a CO have regarding service of process on a member of his or her command?
  - To ensure the nature of the process is explained to the member
  - To review the legality of the service
  - 3. To provide counsel to the member being served before service
  - 4. To ensure the member is advised that he or she need not accept service

- 1-45. A member of your command is served with a state court process arising from activities relating to his or her official duties. What reporting requirements must be met by your CO?
  - The OEGCMJ must be advised and provided the details of the request
  - 2. The CO of the servicing NLSO must be advised immediately
  - 3. JAG must be notified by phone and forwarded a copy of the process and pleadings
  - 4. SECNAV (JAG) must be notified via telephone for direction
- 1-46. Requests for Justice Department representation of a federal employee sued in his or her individual capacity arising from activities performed in the course of official duties must be submitted to what official or department?
  - 1. Attorney General
  - 2. Justice Department
  - 3. COMNAVLEGSVCCOM
  - 4. JAG
- 1-47. If a CO refuses to allow the service of process on a member of his or her command, a report is made to what official or department?
  - 1. CO, NLSO
  - 2. SECNAV (JAG)
  - 3. OEGCMJ
  - 4. Justice Department

- 1-48. A member receives a subpoena to appear in federal court to testify in a case where DON interests are involved. Costs associated with the member appearing are the responsibility of what command or agency?
  - 1. JAG
  - 2. SECNAV
  - 3. Member's command
  - 4. Concerned federal agency
- 1-49. In which, if any, of the following types of cases may a subpoenaed prisoner be released to testify?
  - 1. A state criminal case
  - 2. A state civil case
  - 3. A federal civil case
  - 4. A small claims court case
- 1-50. Which of the following statements is correct concerning members serving on local jury duty?
  - They must take leave in order to receive reimbursement for transportation expenses
  - 2. All fees accrued by the member for jury service are deductible from basic pay
  - 3. The only reimbursement a member may receive is for expenses incurred while performing jury duty
  - 4. The member is not entitled to any fees or reimbursement for expenses